AUG 2 5 2004

510(k) Summary -BGran synthetic osteoconductive scaffold

Prepared & Submitted by:

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Trade Name	BGran™ synthetic osteoconductive scaffold	Vitoss™ Scaffold Synthetic Cancellous Bone Void Filler	CerasorbORTHO
510(k) Registration No:		K032409	K014156
Common Name	Resorbable Synthetic Bone Void Filler/Bone Graft Substitute		
Classification Name	Resorbable Calcium Salt Bone Void Filler Device		

Description of the device:

BGran is a porous, resorbable osteoconductive scaffold constructed of highly pure B tri-calcium phosphate for use in the repair of bony defects. The material is designed and manufactured to achieve the specification set out in the standard ASTM F 1088-87 (1992) e-1.

The interconnected pores provide a three-dimensional scaffold that mimics the geometry of human cancellous bone matrix. The three-dimensional platform provided by BGran's osteoconductive scaffold guides the regenerating bone throughout the defect into which it has been implanted. Pore diameters ranging from 1 µm to 700 µm support re-vascularisation and cellular invasion throughout the matrix

Studies have shown that when ß tri-calcium phosphate is implanted in direct contact with host bone, which has a viable blood supply, that it responds physiologically. Throughout the healing process the matrix resorbs and is replaced by bone and connective tissue. Complete resobption takes between 3 to 12 months

BGran is supplied as granules, available in three sieve sizes, sterile for single patient use

Intended Use of the Device:

BGran is intended for use by suitable trained surgical personnel only.

BGran synthetic osteoconductive scaffold is only intended to be used as a bone void filler for use in the treatment of osseous defects, which can occur as a result of trauma, or in defects created surgically.

BGran is not intended too and will not provide any mechanical stability. It should not therefore be used in osseous defects, which are intrinsic to the stability or integrity of the skeleton without

concurrent treatment to directly address the mechanical stability.

BGran granules should be gently packed into the bony voids or defects of the skeletal system (i.e., long bones, extremities, spine and pelvis, mandible or maxilla). The granules may be combined with autogenous blood and/or bone marrow. The granules should not be crushed. Following implantation the calcium phosphate matrix will be resorbed and replaced with bone during the healing process.

Comparison to Predicate:

	1	
BGran™ synthetic osteoconductive scaffold	Vitoss™ Scaffold Synthetic Cancellous Bone Void Filler	CerasorbORTHO
	K032409	K014156
The devices intended use is the same as for the Predicate devices, i.e. the treatment of osseous defects, which are not intrinsic to the stability or integrity of the skeleton. For complete details please refer to the Intend Use Statement	As a bone void filler for voids or gaps that are not intrinsic to the stability of bone structures. It is indicated for use in the treatment of surgically created osseous defects or osseous defects cause by traumatic injury to the bone.	As a bone void filler for voids or gaps that are not intrinsic to the stability of bone structures. It is indicated for filling of bone defects, caused by surgery, trauma or degenerative process.
Individuals with bony defects resulting from surgery or trauma	Individuals with bony defects resulting from surgery or trauma	Patients with bone voids or gaps, caused by surgery, trauma or degeneration
Bony voids or gaps of the skeletal system, i.e., the extremities, spine and pelvis	Bony voids or gaps of the skeletal system, i.e., the extremities, spine and pelvis	skeletal system, (extremities, spine, pelvis)
Labeling contains same intended use, contraindications and adverse events as predicate devices	Labeling contains same intended use, contraindications and adverse events as BGran synthetic osteoconductive scaffold	Labeling contains same intended use, contraindications and adverse events as BGran synthetic osteoconductive scaffold
B-Tricalcium Phosphate Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ satisfies ASTM F 1088	β-Tricalcium Phosphate Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ satisfies ASTM F 1088	B-Tricalcium Phosphate Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂
Interconnective porosity	Trabecular structure similar to cancellous bone	Interconnective porosity
Approximately 70%	Approximately 90%	Approximately 60% to 70%
<1µm - 700µm	I-1000µm	Micropores >0 <80µm
		<u> </u>
Osteoconductive	Osteoconductive	Osteoconductive
Complete resorption demonstrated as occurring between 3 and 12 months.	Demonstrated as 76% resorbed at six weeks and 80% at twelve weeks	Resorption reported to occur between 3 and 24 months.
	The devices intended use is the same as for the Predicate devices. i.e. the treatment of osseous defects, which are not intrinsic to the stability or integrity of the skeleton. For complete details please refer to the Intend Use Statement Individuals with bony defects resulting from surgery or trauma Bony voids or gaps of the skeletal system, i.e., the extremities, spine and pelvis Labeling contains same intended use, contraindications and adverse events as predicate devices B-Tricalcium Phosphate Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ satisfies ASTM F 1088 Interconnective porosity Approximately 70% <i -="" 700µm="" as="" complete="" demonstrated="" occurring<="" osteoconductive="" resorption="" td="" µm=""><td>The devices intended use is the same as for the Predicate devices. i.e. the treatment of osseous defects, which are not intrinsic to the stability or integrity of the skeleton. For complete details please refer to the Intend Use Statement Individuals with bony defects resulting from surgery or trauma Bony voids or gaps of the skeletal system, i.e., the extremities, spine and pelvis Labeling contains same intended use, contraindications and adverse events as predicate devices B-Tricalcium Phosphate Ca₃(PO₄)₂ satisfies ASTM F 1088 Interconnective porosity Trabecular structure similar to cancellous bone Camplete resorption demonstrated as occurring As a bone void filler for voids or gaps that are not intrinsic to the stability of bone structures. It is indicated for use in the treatment of surgically created osseous defects or osseous defects cause by traumatic injury to the bone. Individuals with bony defects resulting from surgery or trauma Bony voids or gaps of the skeletal system, i.e., the extremities, spine and pelvis Labeling contains same intended use, contraindications and adverse events as BGran synthetic osteoconductive scaffold B-Tricalcium Phosphate Ca₃(PO₄)₂ satisfies ASTM F 1088 Interconnective porosity Trabecular structure similar to cancellous bone Approximately 70% Approximately 90%</td></i>	The devices intended use is the same as for the Predicate devices. i.e. the treatment of osseous defects, which are not intrinsic to the stability or integrity of the skeleton. For complete details please refer to the Intend Use Statement Individuals with bony defects resulting from surgery or trauma Bony voids or gaps of the skeletal system, i.e., the extremities, spine and pelvis Labeling contains same intended use, contraindications and adverse events as predicate devices B-Tricalcium Phosphate Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ satisfies ASTM F 1088 Interconnective porosity Trabecular structure similar to cancellous bone Camplete resorption demonstrated as occurring As a bone void filler for voids or gaps that are not intrinsic to the stability of bone structures. It is indicated for use in the treatment of surgically created osseous defects or osseous defects cause by traumatic injury to the bone. Individuals with bony defects resulting from surgery or trauma Bony voids or gaps of the skeletal system, i.e., the extremities, spine and pelvis Labeling contains same intended use, contraindications and adverse events as BGran synthetic osteoconductive scaffold B-Tricalcium Phosphate Ca ₃ (PO ₄) ₂ satisfies ASTM F 1088 Interconnective porosity Trabecular structure similar to cancellous bone Approximately 70% Approximately 90%

Mechanical Strength	Does not impart mechanical strength to surgical site	Does not impart mechanical strength to surgical site	Granules have no weight bearing capacity. Execution of osteosynthetic measures eventually necessary
Sterility	Sterilized by gamma radiation, single use only	Sterilized by gamma radiation, single use only	Sterilized by gamma radiation, single use only
Biocompatibility	Established	Established	Established
Presentation	Granules in 3 sieve sizes. 250 – 500µm I – 2.8 mm 2 – 4 mm	Morsels I-4mm and Cylinders 9 x 23mm	Granules, and Blocks Granule sizes: 500 - 1000μm 1000 2000μm



AUG 2 5 2004

Food and Drug Administration 9200 Corporate Boulevard Rockville MD 20850

Mr. Alan Rorke Managing Director Orthos (UK) Limited The Stables, Leigh Court, Abbots Leigh Bristol North Somerset United Kingdom BS8 3RA

Re: K041616

Trade Name: BGran[™] Synthetic Osteoconductive Scaffold

Regulation Number: 21 CFR 888.3045

Regulation Name: Resorbable calcium salt bone void filler

Regulatory Class: II Product Code: MQV Dated: June 15, 2004 Received: June 15, 2004

Dear Mr. Rorke

We have reviewed your Section 510(k) premarket notification of intent to market the device referenced above and have determined the device is substantially equivalent (for the indications for use stated in the enclosure) to legally marketed predicate devices marketed in interstate commerce prior to May 28, 1976, the enactment date of the Medical Device Amendments, or to devices that have been reclassified in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (Act) that do not require approval of a premarket approval application (PMA). You may, therefore, market the device, subject to the general controls provisions of the Act. The general controls provisions of the Act include requirements for annual registration, listing of devices, good manufacturing practice, labeling, and prohibitions against misbranding and adulteration.

If your device is classified (see above) into either class II (Special Controls) or class III (PMA), it may be subject to such additional controls. Existing major regulations affecting your device can be found in the Code of Federal Regulations, Title 21, Parts 800 to 898. In addition, FDA may publish further announcements concerning your device in the <u>Federal Register</u>.

Please be advised that FDA's issuance of a substantial equivalence determination does not mean that FDA has made a determination that your device complies with other requirements of the Act or any Federal statutes and regulations administered by other Federal agencies. You must comply with all the Act's requirements, including, but not limited to: registration and listing (21 CFR Part 807); labeling (21 CFR Part 801); good manufacturing practice requirements as set forth in the quality systems (QS) regulation (21 CFR Part 820); and if applicable, the electronic product radiation control provisions (Sections 531-542 of the Act); 21 CFR 1000-1050.

This letter will allow you to begin marketing your device as described in your Section 510(k) premarket notification. The FDA finding of substantial equivalence of your device to a legally marketed predicate device results in a classification for your device and thus, permits your device to proceed to the market.

If you desire specific advice for your device on our labeling regulation (21 CFR Part 801), please contact the Office of Compliance at (301) 594-4659. Also, please note the regulation entitled, "Misbranding by reference to premarket notification" (21 CFR Part 807.97). You may obtain other general information on your responsibilities under the Act from the Division of Small Manufacturers, International and Consumer Assistance at its toll-free number (800) 638-2041 or (301) 443-6597 or at its Internet address http://www.fda.gov/cdrh/dsma/dsmamain.html

Sincerely yours,

Celia M. Witten, Ph.D., M.D.

Director

Division of General, Restorative and Neurological Devices Office of Device Evaluation Center for Devices and Radiological Health

Enclosure

510(k) Number (if known): ___ Device Name: BGran Synthetic Osteoconductive Scaffold

Indications for Use:

BGran Synthetic Osteoconductive Scaffold Bone Void Filler is intended for use as a bone void filler for voids or gaps that are not intrinsic to the stability of the bony structure. BGran Scaffold is indicated for use in the treatment of surgically created osseous defects or osseous defects created from traumatic injury to the bone. BGran Scaffold should not be used to treat large defects that in the surgeon's opinion would fail to heal spontaneously.

BGran Scaffold is intended to be packed into bony voids or gaps of the skeletal system (i.e., the extremities, spine and pelvis) and may be combined with autogenous blood and/or bone marrow. Following placement in the bony void or gap, the calcium phosphate scaffold resorbs and is replaced with bone during the healing process.

Prescription Use X (Part 21 CFR 801 Subpart D) AND/OR

Over-The-Counter Use (21 CFR 807 Subpart C)

(PLEASE DO NOT WRITE BELOW THIS LINE-CONTINUE ON ANOTHER PAGE OF NEEDED)

Concurrence of CDRH, Office of Device Evaluation (ODE)

Division of General, Restorative,

and Neurological Devices

510(k) Number.